

17th Annual NJDOT Research Showcase

Current Status and Future Role of Unmanned Aircraft Systems and Sensors in Linear Infrastructure Integrity Management & Operations

David W. Yoel Founder and CEO



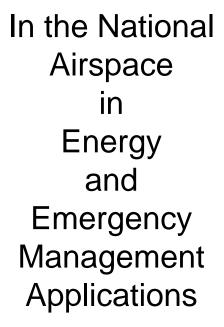
UAS - What we Do

Medium Altitude
Long Endurance
Beyond Line-of-Sight
Fixed Wing UAS

Integrate
Operate &
Disseminate



RS-16





- Flight Services
- Mission Systems

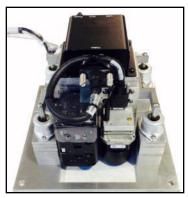


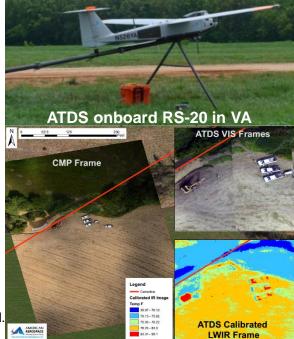


AATI Relevant Background

- Flying BVLOS in the NAS since 2010
 - 1st BVLOS flight on linear corridor in US history in 2015
- Created the RS-16 and RS-20 UAS™
 - 12+ hour UAS
 - Designed for civilian applications
 - Not repurposed military aircraft
 - AATI has completed over 200 safe, legal and successful flights in civilian airspace
- Our public entity customers have1,250 square miles of approved airspace across the country for RS-16 & RS-20 UAS
- Working with Energy Sector, Emergency Management and Universities for 5+ years
 - Linear Infrastructure Inspection
 - Environmental, Coastal and Ocean Sciences
 - Wildland Fire and Hurricane Response

Airborne Threat Detection System (ATDS)





Classes of Unmanned Aircraft of Interest





	"333 Class"	BLOS UAS
Payload Capacity	2 to 25 lbs	50-150 lbs
Endurance	~1 hour	10+ hours
Range	½ mile	1,000 miles
Ceiling	8,000 ft	24,000'



Linear Infrastructure Applications

- Pipeline Integrity
 Management
- Power Line Inspection
- Railways
- Roads & Bridges
- Navigable Waterways

- Threat Detection
- Emergency
 Response
- FacilitiesManagement
 - Inspections
 - Inventory
 - Construction Management
 - Security

Pipeline Integrity Management



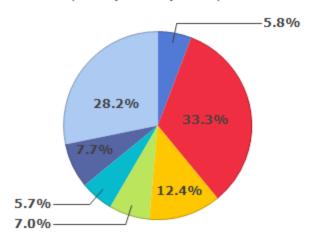
- Threat Detection
 - Machinery
 - Gas Leak (Methane, Alkanes...)
 - Liquid Leak
 - Geotechnical Threats
- Emergency Response
 - Hurricanes, floods, tornados, ice storms, fires, HazMat...
- Vegetation Management
- Encroachment Studies
- Population Studies
- Facilities Management
 - Inspections
 - Inventory
 - Construction Management
 - Security & Emergency Response



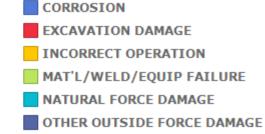


Motivation for Automated Monitoring of Pipelines





DOT PHMSA Reported Incidents



ALL OTHER CAUSES

Source: PHMSA Significant Incidents Files, Nov 1, 2013

Property Damage	Injuries	National All Pipeline Systems: Serious Incident Details: 1993-2012				
	<u>Injuries</u>	<u>Fatalities</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Cause</u>	
					EXCAVATION DAMAGE	
\$3,434,945	49	1	3.10%	31	OPERATOR/CONTRACTOR	
\$95,305,653	447	141	29.70%	293	THIRD PARTY	
\$182,500	4	0	0.10%	1	PREVIOUS DAMAGE DUE TO EXCAVATION	
\$1,055,000	5	4	0.30%	3	UNSPECIFIED	
\$99,978,098	505	146	33.20%	328	Sub Total	
	505	146	33.20%	328	Sub Total	

http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/comm/reports/safety/SerPSIDet_1993_2012_US.html | Report generated on: 11/05/13



Motivation - ROW Monitoring Using BLOS UAS

- UAS show great promise as a new aerial patrol tool for linear infrastructure
 - Enabling technology for significant new applications that cannot be performed by manned aircraft
- Safety: ability to patrol linear infrastructure eliminate risk to pilot and crews
 - Including night ops and safe emergency response
- Far Greater Endurance (12+ hours)
- Higher Precision Flight Profiles
- Multi-sensor capability
- Effective field communications
- Cost of Operation
 - Promise of far lower Cost of Operation as
 - Regulatory framework is established
 - Civil/commercial market accelerates
 - Technology matures
 - · Operations mature

Parameter	Units	Cessna 172	RS-16 UAS	
Endurance	Hours	4	12 to 16	
Range	Miles	400	600+	
Fuel	Gallons	52	1.5	
Pilots	No.	1	0.33	

100X lower fuel burn than standard patrol aircraft carrying the same payload

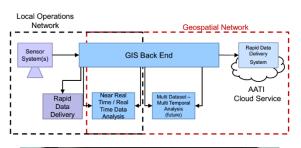
The Recon System UAS

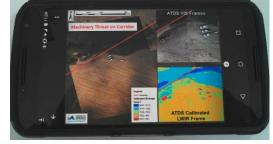
(typical Mission Package)

 The Recon System UAS is a complete, medium altitude long endurance mission system, including:



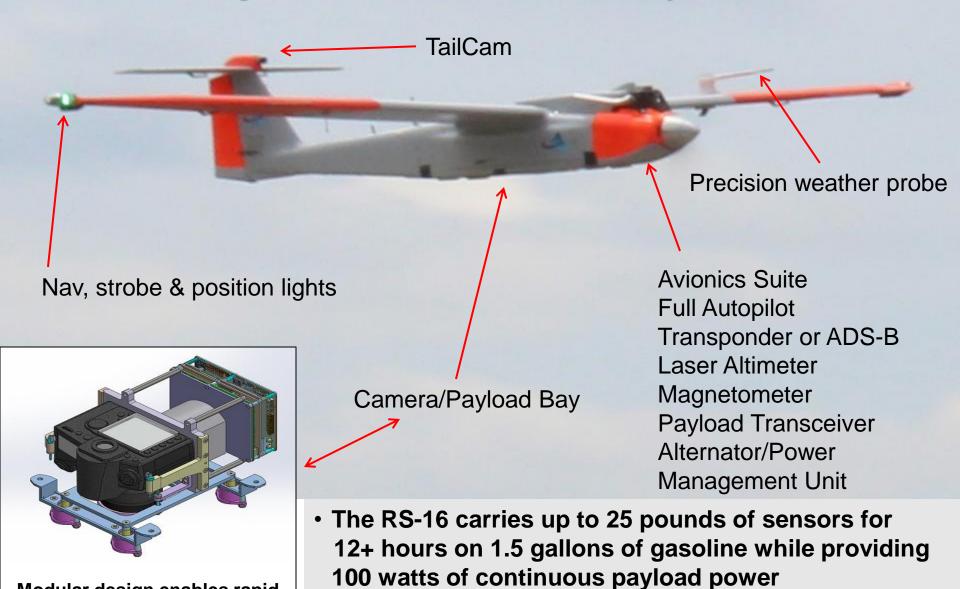






The Bottom Line: to be useful, a UAS is defined as a SYSTEM that includes everything required to conduct safe, legal and successful flight operations in civilian airspace – AND for the safe and efficient acquisition, production and dissemination of useful data products

The RS-16 and RS-20 UAS™ are professional grade, beyond line of sight, long endurance Unmanned Aircraft Systems



Modular design enables rapid integration and flight test of new sensors

• The RS-20 carries up to 65 pounds of sensors © 2015 American Aerospace Advisors, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

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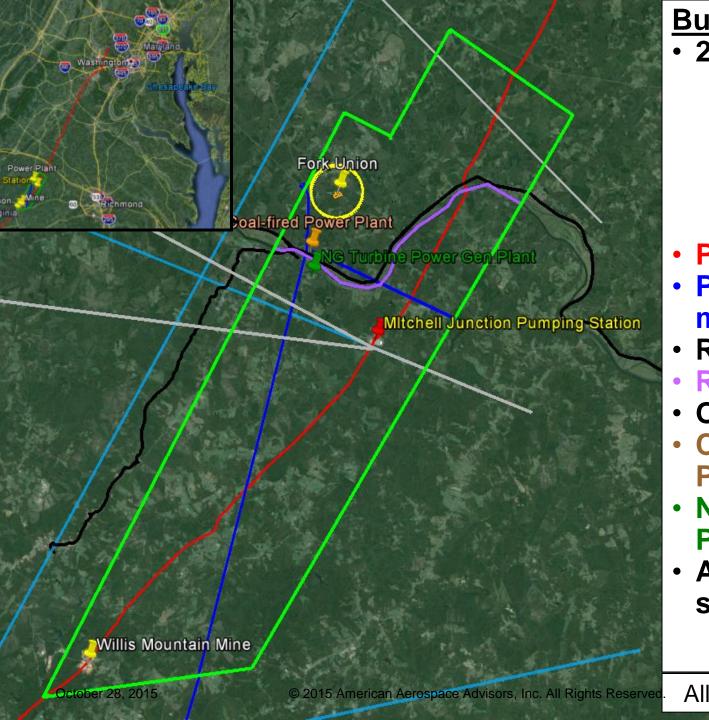
RS-16 and RS-20 Aircraft Specifications

	RS-20				
Wingenen	RS-16 in/m 12' 11" 3.9		17' 3"		
Wingspan	in/m	12 11	3.9	17 3	5.2
Max Gross Takeoff	lbs/kg	85	39	175	80
Weight	ibs/kg	0	38	173	00
Endurance	hrs	12+		12+	
Ceiling	ft/m	15,000	4,572	23,000	7,000
Max Speed	kts/kph	65	120	75	138
Best Cruise	kts/kph	55	101	55	101
Payload Mass (max)	lbs/kg	25	11	65	29
Payload Electrical	watts	100		400	
Payload Envelope					
Internal	in/mm	6 x 6 x	150 x 150	10.75 x	273 x 273
		18.5"	x 470mm	10.75 x 34	x 875mm
External		Wing-mounted		Hard Points	
Payload Comms		Details on request		Details on request	
Protocol (typ)		IP-based		IP-based	
Launch		Pneumatic Catapult		Pneumatic Catapult	
Recovery		Belly Land,		Belly Land,	
		Pneumatic or VTOL		Pneumatic or VTOL	

- Modular design enables rapid integration and flight test of new sensors
- AATI is currently expanding its fleet!





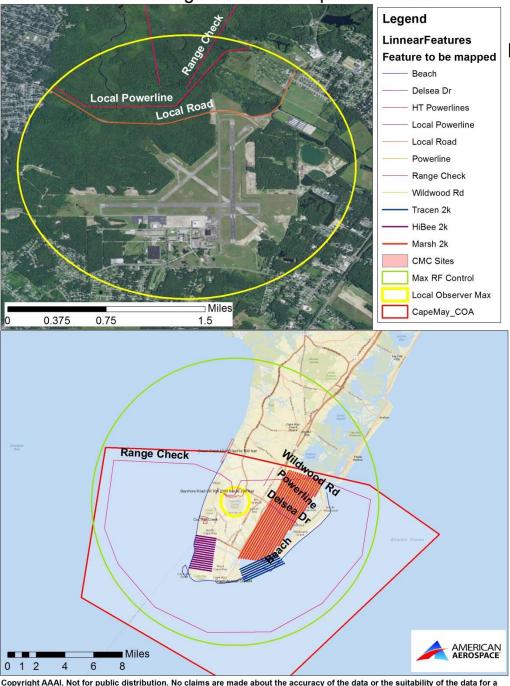


Buckingham COA

- 2014-ESA-133
 - MAAP Test Site COA
 - RS-16 UAS
 - RS-20 UAS
 - 185 Square Miles
 - 3,000 ft ceiling
- Pipeline: 28 mi
- Power Lines: 24+ mi
- Rail Lines: 13 mi
- River: 12 mi
- Open Pit Mine
- Coal Fired Power Plant
- NG Turbine Power Plant
- Ag Fields: ~50+ sqmi

All Figures Approximate

KWWD Flight Plans for September 2015



Campaign 00253 September 1-2, 2015

Basic Mission Information:

- Total Flight Mission Timeframe: 2 days including set up and tear down
- Total Flight Time: 7 Hours
- Max Altitude: 6,500 Feet
- Max Range: 10 Nautical Miles
- Max Distance Offshore: 5.3 NM
- Total Distance Flown: Over 400 NM



Rights

Autonomous Threat Detection System

ATDS prototype in field trials on Columbia patrol aircraft ATDS is also fly on UAS

Real-time threat detection and reporting during routine pipeline aerial patrol

Initial focus on fixed wing manned aircraft – COTS technologies

Threat

ATDS Conop:

Detect – sensing & imagery collection
Process - data processing and analysis via algorithms
Distribute – communication
Archive – improved data management processes and predictive modeling

Communicate Sensors

Sensors



Threat

Pipeline Ops Center Confirm and Respond to Threat

Imagery
acquired by
Columbia
during field
trial in WV on
April 1, 2015





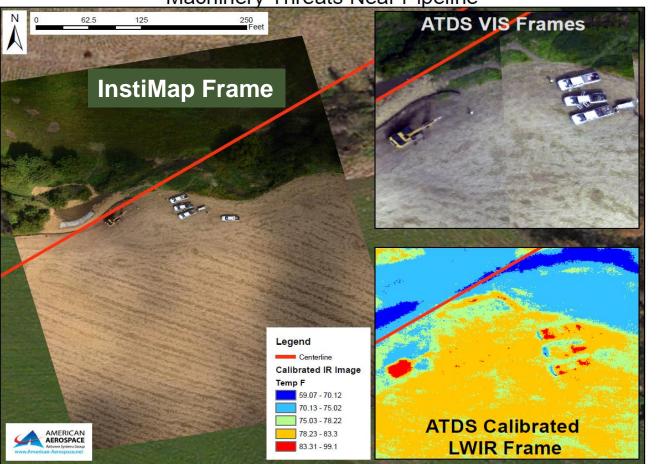
 Transition to UAS has always been in the plan

October 28, 2015



Pipeline Threat Detection





The ATDS Sensor

Provides color imagery and calibrated infrared imagery.

The combination of the two datasets allow analysts to detect visually, or via heat signature (infrared), machinery located along a pipeline corridor that may pose a threat to the integrity of the pipe.



InstiMaps™ System Background and Future

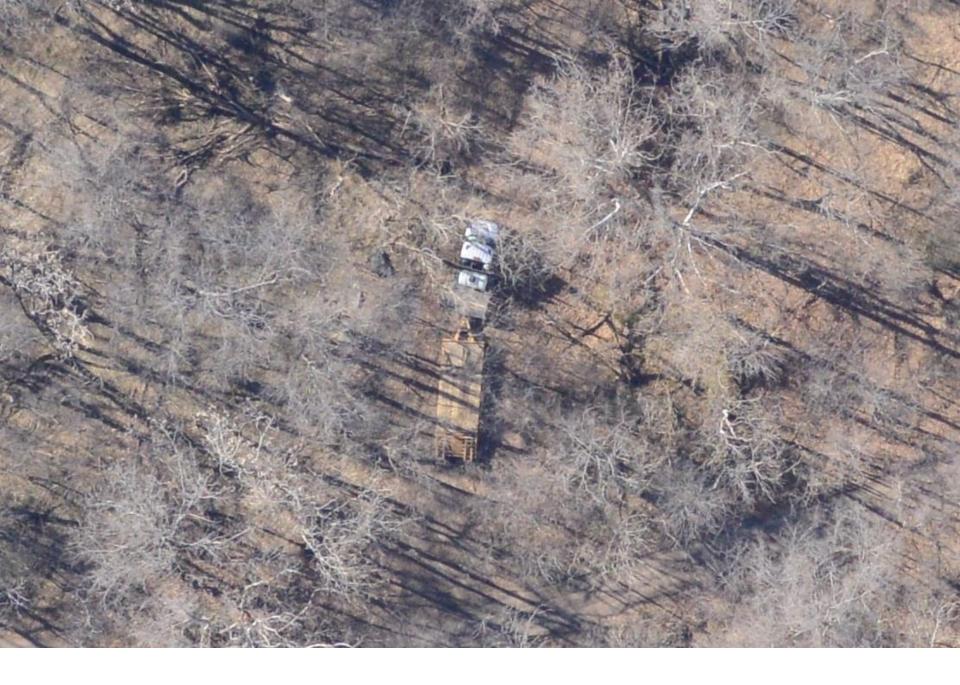
- Prototype in operation
 - High resolution imagery collection
 - Flies on manned & unmanned aircraft
- Present: rapid, automatic collection processing and dissemination of high resolution geo-located imagery
 - Pipeline Patrol
 - Emergency Response
 - Rapid Response Mapping and Mapping Products
- Future: addition of Thermal Sensing Capabilities Third Quarter 2015
 - Emergency Response Fire Mapping
 - Search and Rescue
 - Marine Mammal and others

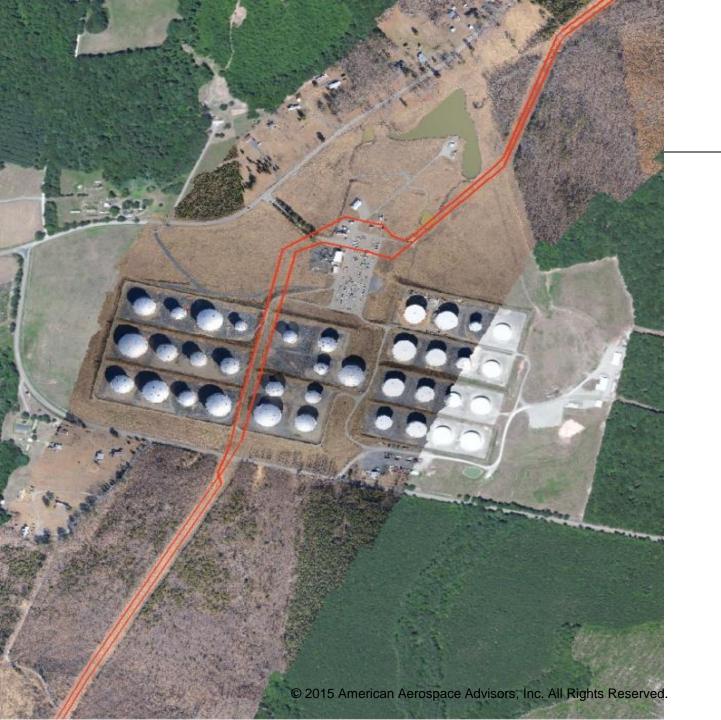
The InstiMaps™ Mapping Sensor Payload

Allows for collection of color geolocated imagery (up to 2 inch resolution at 1000 feet AGL) and generation of digital ortho photos, digital elevation and other 3-D models.













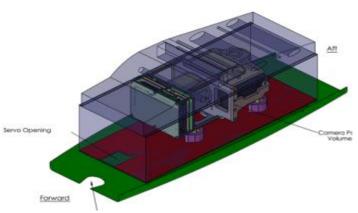






The Direct Mapping Solution





- Direct Mapping Solution (DMS)
 - 36 MPx visible light (VIS) sensor calibrated
- Overall Accuracy (stereo products)
 - 1 Pixel Horizontal Accuracy
 - 4 Pixel Vertical Accuracy
 - Without Ground Control Points
- Rapid production of survey-grade orthophotos, orthomosaics,
 Digital Elevation Models & Obliques
- Interoperable on Manned & Unmanned Aircraft



Pavement Surface Evaluations



DMS One Square Mile Imagery of Airport Runway at 1" Resolution

The DMS **Mapping** Sensor **Payload** Allows for collection of very large scale (up to 1" pixel resolution) and spatially accurate (3 pixels) imagery that may be utilized to detect pavement wear and cracking etc.



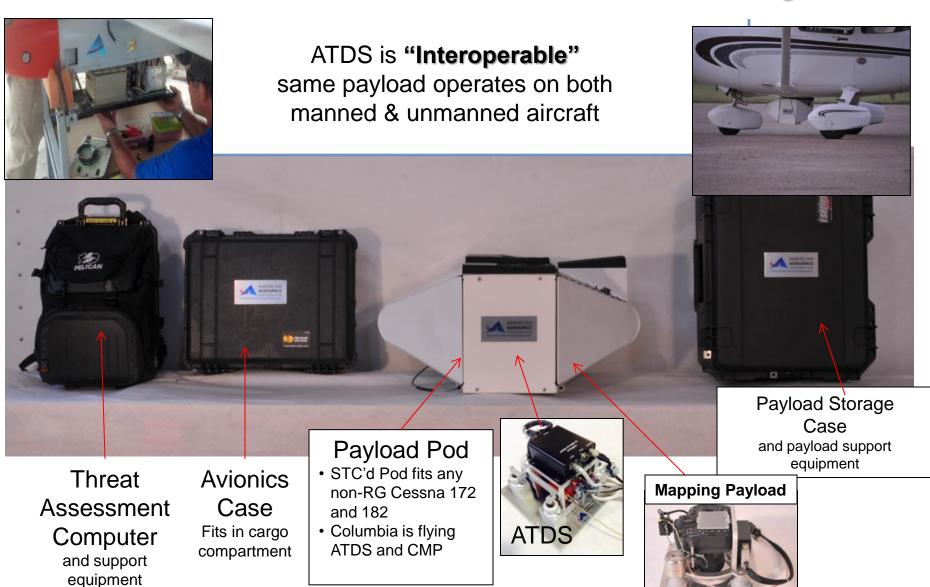
Additional Infrastructure Sensors



Princeton National Science Foundation Funded Gas Sensor

Mounts on the wing of the UAS and flying in the low or medium troposphere is able to be tuned to detect and provide data of various types of gaseous and potentially toxic substances that may be leaking from pipelines and/or oil rigs etc.

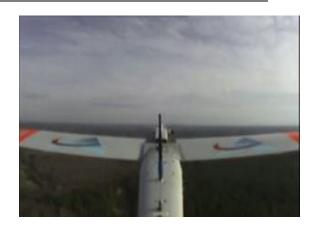
RAM Airborne Threat Detection System



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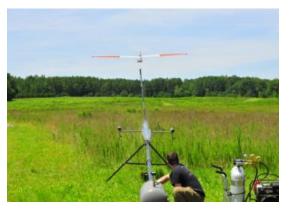






Q and A







October 28, 2015